



THE ROLE OF THE DISCIPLINE "JURISPRUDENCE" IN THE FORMATION OF PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCE OF BACHELORS OF FOOD TECHNOLOGY

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Annotation. *Substantiated pedagogical conditions for the formation of professional competence of bachelors of food technologies in the study of jurisprudence (availability of motivational-value environment in the educational process for the development of a specialist technologist in the field of food technologies in the course innovative teaching technologies: direction of bachelors of food technologies to expand the professional and practical component of professional competence through the introduction of innovative technologies of training; development of personal and professionally significant qualities, moral and ethical improvement of the personality of the future specialist, reflection. The article shows that the training of highly qualified specialists is possible in the conditions of implementation of pedagogical principles of legal education, the system of pedagogical techniques that contribute to the formation of students' justice, as well as the educational and methodological complex, which contributes to the formation of legal culture.*

Keywords: *law, specialist applicant, legal culture, justice. Pedagogical principles.*

Introduction.

The civilization of Ukraine in the face of rapid socio-economic development is impossible without successful implementation of strategic tasks of educational reform. Demand in the labor market of specialists requires the creation of optimal pedagogical conditions for modernization and further development of the system of education of higher education institutions. Unfortunately, researchers do not pay sufficient attention to the role of the discipline "Jurisprudence" in the formation of professional competencies of the future specialist of the processing industry and the food industry in the process of vocational training [3, 8, 14].

The study of law by applicants of different categories are conditioned by a special social role of law in the life of every individual and society as a whole. The formation of the legal culture of higher education institutions is a social need, based on the legal, pedagogical and psychological foundations, practice of modern social relations. It is aimed at bringing professional legal relations in production activities in accordance



with the current requirements for creating conditions for legal self-improvement and improving the level of legal competence of food specialists [2, 5, 6, 15].

It should be remembered that the effectiveness of the formation of the legal culture of higher education applicants depends primarily on the content and methodology of teaching a course of law and other legal disciplines. The volume and content of the compulsory course in jurisprudence is determined for higher education institutions by the need for society in education [4, 9, 11, 12, 14].

The high level of culture of society, in particular legal, is one of the important features of the rule of law, which is based primarily on the principles of the rule of law and legal law, respect for fundamental rights and freedoms of man and citizen. Compliance with the requirements of the legislation, the consistent realization of fundamental rights and freedoms of man and citizen depend on many factors, in particular on the level of organization of education, acquiring knowledge about state-legal phenomena [1, 5, 6, 12].

On the basis of the above, it is possible to formulate the task of the study, which is to determine the role of the discipline "Jurisprudence" in the formation of professional competences of the food specialist in the process of vocational training.

Presentation of the basic material of the study.

The development of the rule of law and the creation of civil society are possible only if there is a high level of social justice and legal culture of the population. In this regard, legal education becomes crucial. An important part of legal education is the provision of basic knowledge of the state, its origin, forms and types, functions, legal system and system of legislation, introduction into the theory of rule of law and civil society, basic provisions of constitutional, civil, family, labor, criminal and other branches of law.

Today, all higher education institutions should aim to form the necessary organizational and professional qualities by means of teaching all disciplines and educational process, which is a prerequisite for the formation of professional culture of future specialists in the field of processing and food industry.



The strategy of development of modern society in the context of legal reform in Ukraine objectively needs to increase the requirements for the educational system and professional training of highly qualified specialists[14].

"Jurisprudence" is a compulsory discipline for the training of future specialists in the field of processing and food industry, which is due to the fact that jurisprudence is necessary for the acquisition of legal education and basic legal education. Without deep knowledge of rights, freedoms, current legislation, it is impossible to operate promptly in a market economy and in the process of building the economic system of Ukraine. In everyday activity, experts in different industries face problems that are related to the ignorance of legal grounds for conduct in certain situations. CYPC "Jurisprudence" helps in addressing the issues of conduct of the regulations of laws and other normative legal acts and filling in gaps in legal awareness of the population.

The relevance of the training course "Jurisprudence" is conditioned by the needs of professional activity of the future specialist of the branches of the food industry, the importance of studying issues of general importance, the study of basic legal concepts and their features, the establishment of the most general patterns of origin, development and functioning of the state and law, the formation of legal culture, which is manifested. right, as well as evaluate your own knowledge of law.

A proper understanding of state-legal phenomena becomes worldview in the conditions of development of a democratic rule of law, reforming the legal system of Ukraine. A person's outlook cannot be complete, perfect if he does not have knowledge of the essence of state and law. There is no person who does not use words such as "law", "right", "freedom", "duty", "law", "responsibility" and others. It is these concepts that they turn when there is a need to justify their requirements, to justify their actions and actions. In this case, the persuasiveness and effectiveness of the application in this case are significantly intensified if ix understanding is based on scientific conclusions and arguments.

The study of the course "Jurisprudence" is a prerequisite for the formation of such behavior of higher education applicants that corresponds to legal prescriptions, as well as educates irreconcilable attitude towards offenses by other cysts. The purpose of the



course is to prepare the food specialists who will work in the conditions of constructing the rule of law and market economy, the formation of knowledge and understanding of the legislation of Ukraine; conviction about the effectiveness of law as a means of regulating public relations; habits to take actions in accordance with the provisions of legal norms; The ability to use legal knowledge in practical activity, to exercise and protect their actual rights and legitimate interests, to perform legal obligations. In professional terms, the study of the discipline is aimed at legal regulation in the field of industrial relations.

The future specialist must master the necessary minimum legal knowledge as a prerequisite for successful production activity, to carry out the intellectual potential of highly qualified workers who have mastered the basics of theoretical knowledge in the field of certain branches of law necessary for future work activity. The purpose of the course "Jurisprudence" is also the study of the general patterns of emergence, development and functioning of the state and law, familiarization with the peculiarities, basic concepts, categories, institutions and branches of law, consideration of the basic concepts of jurisprudence.

Covers such important and pressing issues as law and order, offense and legal liability, legal discipline and legal culture. The course traces the history of the development of Ukrainian statehood, the problems of building a democratic, rule of law in Ukraine are considered. Some branches of law of Ukraine and the most important normative acts of the current legislation are also considered, the content of the Constitution of Ukraine, its most important provisions on consolidating the basics of the state and social order of Ukraine, are examined. Therefore, "Jurisprudence" is intended to form a legal outlook of future specialists, to develop a system of legal ideas, beliefs and skills of lawful behavior, enrich theoretical ideas about the concepts and categories used by legal science; It aims not only to give the necessary knowledge, but also to teach proper use of legal norms in the fulfillment of relevant roles in society, both in subsequent professional activity and in personal life. Today, one of the most important problems in the legal industry is the low level of even the lack of legal culture, which leads to significant negative consequences in our society. That is why,



especially in modern conditions, the study and assimilation of the subjects of the specified subject becomes of particular importance, contributes to the acquisition of general civilizational values, the formation of the necessary level of legal and political culture, the development of electoral behavior skills, mastering the mechanisms of conscious realization in legal and political life.

The task of studying the discipline is to form from higher education applicants: knowledge of fundamental information on the theory of state and law; the basics of civil, constitutional, labor, family, administrative and criminal law; navigate the current legislation; ability to analyze the content of regulations; ability to apply theoretical knowledge and principles of normative acts in practical life; skills to work with regulations; skills of proper use of legal terminology; skills of proper application of legal norms in production and service.

The result of the study of the discipline should be considered the acquirers of higher education of a complex of knowledge from the theory of state and law, the foundations of constitutional, civil, labor, family, administrative and criminal law of Ukraine and acquire the skills of practical application of this knowledge.

An important place in the system of study of law by higher education applicants has to be acquainted with laws and other normative legal acts, to gain skills to analyze and interpret the rules of law, to apply the acquired knowledge in practical activity, to properly use the current legislation and specialized literature from different fields of law. The assimilation of specific professional terminology, a certain legal minimum is an indispensable prerequisite for the future professional activity of a specialist in the circumstances of modern economic life.

Lectures give an idea of the subject as a whole and its most important specific provisions, offers new information that is not in textbooks. The use of the textbook provides systematic and detailed knowledge of the training course, contributes to its memory. In turn, the reproduction of material, its discussion in seminars and practical classes, solving problems, legal qualification of specific situations, comparing the current normative legal acts makes it possible to fully understand what is heard and read, to learn how to use knowledge.



In order to effectively master the course for higher education, it is necessary to deepen their knowledge in this course in addition to auditoriums. 3 This purpose provides for tasks for independent and individual work of higher education applicants.

Conclusions.

The defined provisions reflect the unity of the content and procedural components of the process of formation of legal culture of future specialists, taking into account the specifics, features of agrarian higher education institutions, as well as real socio-economic conditions.

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Анотація. Обґрунтовані педагогічні умови формування професійної компетентності бакалаврів харчових технологій під час вивчення правознавства (наявність мотиваційно-ціннісного середовища в навчальному процесі для вироблення в студентів ціннісного ставлення до опанування фаху фахівця-технолога у галузі харчових технологій; спрямування бакалаврів харчових технологій на розширення професійно-практичного компонента професійної компетентності через запровадження інноваційних технологій навчання; розвиток особистісних та професійно значущих якостей, морально-етичне вдосконалення особистості майбутнього фахівця, рефлексія. У статті наведені дані, що вказують на те, що підготовка висококваліфікованих фахівців можлива за умов реалізації педагогічних принципів правової освіти, системи педагогічних прийомів, які сприяють формуванню правосвідомості студентів, а також навчально-методичного комплексу, котрий сприяє формуванню правової культури майбутніх фахівців.

Ключові слова: право, фахівець здобувач, правова культура, правосвідомість. педагогічні принципи.